UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2007 question paper

9702 PHYSICS

9702/32

Paper 32 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

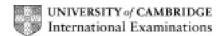
This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

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Page 2		Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper	
		GCE A/AS LEVEL – Oc	tober/November 2007	9702	32	
Questic	on 1					
Manipu	Manipulation, measurement and observation					
Succes	sful colle	ction of data				
(b)	Measure	ments			[5]	
		ks for six sets of readings fove sets, etc.	or l and R_2 ,			
		nreasonable values of R_2 , e.	.g. R_2 >40 or R_2 <2.5, e.g. in	npossible R_2)		
(b) Circuit set up without help from Supervisor (minor help −1, major help −2)					[2]	
Range a	Range and distribution of values					
(b)	R ₂ value	s must include 40 Ω and one	e value ≤ 5 Ω		[1]	
Present	tation of	data and observations				
Table: I	ayout					
(b)	Column	neadings			[1]	
()	Each col	umn heading must contain a	a quantity and a unit where	appropriate.	[-]	
	•	nits in the body of the table. ust be some distinguishing r	mark between the quantity	and the unit		
	(i.e. solic	us is expected, but accept,	for example, l (cm)).			
Table: ı	aw data					
(b)		ncy of presentation of raw re	•		[1]	
		s of <i>l</i> must be given to the stone or 1 cm).	ame number of decimal pla	aces.		
Table: d	calculate	d quantities				
(b)	Significa	nt figures			[1]	
, ,	Apply to		2 or 3 of			
	If <i>l</i> is give	en to 3 sf, then accept $1/l$ to	3 or 4 sf.			
	Values o	f 1/ <i>l</i> given as fractions lose	this mark.			
(b)	Values o	f 1/1 correct.			[1]	
(-)	Check a	value. If incorrect, write in t				
		ues of 1/l given as fractions	for this mark.			
Graph:	-					
(Graph)		scales must be used. Awkv	vard scales (e.g. 3:10) are	not allowed.	[1]	
	There sh	ould not be more than three oust be chosen so that the p	e large squares between ax	kis labels.		
	the grap	n grid in both x and y direction	ons.		_	
		oust be labelled with the quangler (R_2) . Ignore units.	intity which is being plotted	I (do not accept F	?	
		enalise reversed axes but p	enalise if the wrong graph	has been plotted.		

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Page 3		Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 200	9702	32
Graph: plot	ting of points		
Rin qua Wo	observations must be plotted. g and check a suspect plot, tick if correct. Re-plot if ind ality mark). rk to an accuracy of half a small square. nalise blobs ≽ half a small square diameter.	correct (and re-check	[1
Graph: tren	d line		
Jud The	e of best fit (<u>must be 5 or more plots, do not allow if so</u> lge by scatter of points about the candidate's line. ere must be a fair scatter of points either side of the line icate best line if candidate's line is not the best line.	,	[1
Quality of d	lata		
· · ·	lge by scatter of points about the best fit line (all points nd must be correct. At least 5 plots are needed for this	,	[1
Analysis, co	onclusions and evaluation		
Interpretation	on of graph		
(c) (iii)	Gradient The hypotenuse must be at least half the length of the Read-offs must be accurate to half a small square (if value). Check for $\Delta y/\Delta x$ (i.e. do not allow $\Delta x/\Delta y$). Ignore POT	incorrect, write in corre	[1 ect
(c) (iii)	<i>y</i> -intercept The value must be read to the nearest half square. The value can be calculated using ratios or $y = mx +$ obviously wrong). If a false origin has been used then label FO.	ຣ (if algebra is not	[1
Drawing co	nclusions		
The Mus	ue for R_1 ere should be evidence that it is obtained from 1/(100c st be in range 5 to 15 Ω . r 3 sf. Unit required.	n x gradient).	[1
Uni	ue for <i>k</i> buld be candidate's intercept. 2 or 3 sf. trequired. buld be in range 0.0050 to 0.0150 cm ⁻¹ .		[1

Mark Scheme

Syllabus

Paper

[Total for Question 1: 20]

Page 3

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2007	9702	32

Question 2

Manipulation, measurement and observation

Successful collection of data

- **(b)** (ii) First value of *d* to nearest cm or mm. [1]
- (c) (ii) First value of t (must be between 0.1 and 10 s). [1]
- (f) (ii) Second value of d (must be less than first value) [1]
- (f) (ii) Second value of t. [1]
- **(f)** (ii) Two values of *h* in range 0 to 130 cm. (both values could be the same) [1]
- (f) (ii) Repeated measurements for t (first or second reading) [1]

Quality of data

(f) (ii) Smaller d gives greater v (use corrected values of v). [1]

Presentation of data and observations

Display of calculation and reasoning

- (e) First value of *v* calculated correctly. Calculations must be checked (if wrong, write in correct value). [1]
- (f) (ii) Second value of *v* calculated correctly. Calculations must be checked (if wrong, write in correct value). [1]

[1]

(g) Correct calculation to check proportionality
Possibilities include: Two calculations of vd.
Ratio of v values and inverse ratio of d values both calculated.

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE A/AS LEVEL – October/November 2007	9702	32

Analysis, conclusions and evaluation

Drawing conclusions

(g) Conclusion [1]

Sensible comments relating to proportionality calculations and to the suggested relation. Incorrect ideas score zero.

Estimating uncertainties

(d) Percentage uncertainty in *t*.

[1]

Absolute uncertainty must be 0.1 to 0.5 s, or if repeated readings have been done then the uncertainty could be half the range. Correct ratio idea and x100 required.

Identifying limitations

(h) (i) Relevant points must be underlined and ticked.

[4]

Some of these might be:

- A Two sets of readings not enough (to draw valid conclusion).
- B Cone may have not reached terminal velocity.
- C Hard to see when cone strikes floor.
- D Cone falls at an angle (due to draughts/imbalance of cone).
- E Human error in timing/reaction time.
- F Difficult to measure diameter because cone flexible.
- G Parallax error (at reading positions).
- X Other source of error

Suggesting improvements

(h) (ii) Relevant points must be underlined and ticked.

[4]

Some of these might be:

- A Take more readings and plot a graph/calculate ratios.
- B Ensure terminal velocity by increasing release height/measure velocity at two intervals to check terminal velocity reached.
- C Use pressure/other sensor (on floor) to stop timer/use assistant to judge when it reaches the floor.
- D Turn off fans/balance the cone e.g. extra strip of tape.
- Use light gate to trigger stopwatch/use video camera with slow motion replay/use multiflash photography/use high speed camera with known time intervals.
- E2 Time over greater distance.
- F Measure diameter of cone in two directions and average.
- G Drop in front of rule/read at eye level.
- Y Another improvement, well explained.

Do not allow 'repeated readings' (unless qualified by 'plot a graph').

Do not allow 'use a computer to improve the experiment'

[Total for Question 2: 20]